



201+ Quantitative Research Topics Related To HUMSS Strand Students

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Quantitative Research **Topics Related**

To HUMSS Strand





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Doing a research project can be both fun and challenging, especially when trying to find a topic that fits your interests and school needs. But for students studying Humanities and Social Sciences (HUMSS), the world of quantitative research opens

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up many great opportunities to explore fascinating and thought-provoking subjects.

Think about it: Whether you're interested in how people behave, how society works, cultural stories, or the complicated relationships of economic forces, quantitative research gives you the tools to discover new things, question common beliefs, and add to what you know.

And that's not all! This big list has over 201 quantitative research topics related to HUMSS strand students, providing lots of ideas to spark your curiosity and move your academic journey forward.

The best part? Looking into these topics will not only help you understand the complexities of our world better but also make your analytical skills sharper, enabling you to untangle complicated patterns and draw meaningful conclusions from data.

On top of that, Quantitative research allows you to use statistical methods, surveys, experiments, and numerical data to explore many aspects of human societies, cultures, and systems.

By following a careful and organized approach, you can shed light on important issues, test theories, and uncover connections that may have big effects on policy decisions, social programs, and academic discussions.

Recommended Readings: "Top 21 ABM Research Topics – Detailed Explanation (2024)"



Understanding Quantitative Research In The HUMSS Strand

Quantitative research is a careful and organized way to investigate things and answer questions by collecting and analyzing numerical data. In the field of

Humanities and Social Sciences (HUMSS), this type of research plays an important role in exploring the complexities of human societies, cultures, and systems.

The Main Idea of Quantitative Research in HUMSS The main goal of quantitative research topics related to HUMSS strand is to measure and put numbers to various aspects of human behavior, social interactions, economic trends, and cultural patterns. By using statistical methods, surveys, experiments, and numerical data analysis, researchers can:

- Find patterns
- Test theories
- Draw reliable conclusions based on real evidence

Providing Clear Insights A key strength of quantitative research in HUMSS is its ability to provide clear and measurable insights into things that may seem subjective or hard to define. Through careful data collection and thorough analytical methods, researchers can identify:

- Connections
- Cause-and-effect relationships
- Underlying factors influencing human behavior, how society works, and cultural narratives

Comparing Different Groups and Trends Additionally, quantitative research in HUMSS allows comparisons across different populations, periods, or geographical areas, enabling researchers to identify:

- Trends
- Similarities
- Differences that can help with policy decisions, social programs, and academic discussions.

Working Together with Qualitative Research It's important to note that quantitative research in HUMSS often works together with qualitative research methods, providing a more complete understanding of complex social issues. By combining

numerical data with contextual details and personal stories, researchers can get a bigger picture and draw deeper, more nuanced conclusions.

Contributing to the Field Whether you're interested in exploring consumer behavior, analyzing political trends, investigating cultural influences, or examining economic patterns, quantitative research in the HUMSS strand gives you the tools and methods to add to our growing knowledge in the humanities and social sciences.

How To Choose the Right Quantitative Research Topics Related To HUMSS Strands

Picking the right quantitative research topic for your HUMSS strand project can be tricky, but it's an important first step for a successful and meaningful study. By thinking about a few key things, you can make the process smoother and ensure your topic fits your interests, school goals, and the broader importance of your research.

- Find your favorite areas within the HUMSS strand (e.g., psychology, sociology, economics, political science, etc.)
- Look at current trends, discussions, or important issues in your chosen field that you find interesting.
- Consider if you can easily get the data you need for your quantitative analysis.
- Make sure the research is doable and fits the time and resources you have
- Think about the potential impact and relevance of your research topic to academic discussions, policy decisions, or social programs
- Ask your professors, mentors, or experts in your field for help to refine and confirm your topic choice
- Make sure your topic is specific enough for focused research while still leaving room for exploration and analysis

Choosing the right quantitative research topic is about balancing your interests, academic quality, and societal relevance. By carefully thinking about these things,

you can start a research journey that not only improves your understanding but also meaningfully adds to the knowledge in the HUMSS strand.

Top 201+ Quantitative Research Topics Related To HUMSS Strands

Here is the list of the top 201+ quantitative research topics related to HUMSS strand, provided according to different categories; let's take a look.

1. Education and Learning

- 1. How Learning Online Affects High School Grades
- 2. Does Having Fewer Students per Teacher Help Students Learn Better?
- 3. How Parents Being Involved Helps Students in School
- 4. Ways to Make Learning More Fun and Interesting in Class
- 5. Which is Better: Old-School Teaching or New Ways?
- 6. How Computers and Phones Can Help Us Learn Better
- 7. Learning in Two Languages: Is It Good for Students?
- 8. Does a Nice School Building Help Students Do Better in School?
- 9. How Helping Each Other in Class Affects Learning
- 10. Joining Clubs and Teams: Does It Help You Do Better in School?

2. People and Communities

- 11. Do Instagram and Snapchat Affect How Teens Make Friends?
- 12. Does Having More Money Affect How Much School You Finish?
- 13. Who Gets to Be the Boss in Clubs and Teams? Boys or Girls?
- 14. How Cities Grow and Change
- 15. How Different Families Raise Their Kids
- 16. What Happens When People Move to a New Country?
- 17. Do Big Parties Make Communities Closer?
- 18. How Religion Affects What People Do
- 19. How Money and Jobs Affect Crime in Cities
- 20. What Happens When Lots of Different People Live in One Place?

3. Feelings and Thinking

- 21. Why Do Some Kids Get So Stressed Out About School?
- 22. How Having Friends Helps You Feel Better
- 23. How Feeling Good About Yourself Helps You Do Better in School
- 24. Does Talking About Your Feelings Help You Worry Less?
- 25. What Happens to Kids When Their Parents Get Divorced?
- 26. Why Getting Enough Sleep Helps You Do Better in School
- 27. How Being Bullied Affects Kids
- 28. What Happens When Kids Join Clubs and Teams?
- 29. How Playing Video Games Affects How You Act
- 30. Does Doing Yoga Help You Relax?

4. Government and Rules

- 31. Do Young People Vote More When They Know More About Politics?
- 32. How Social Media Affects What Teens Think About Politics
- 33. Does Learning About How Government Works Make You Want to Get Involved?
- 34. Does Having More Jobs Around Make More Kids Want to Work?
- 35. What Makes People Vote?
- 36. How What You Believe Affects What You Think the Government Should Do
- 37. Does Seeing News on TV Change What People Think?
- 38. How Being Honest Helps People Trust the Government
- 39. How Kids Can Change What Happens in the World
- 40. How Countries Work Together to Solve Problems

5. Money and Buying

- 41. Do Kids Get More Jobs When They Get Paid More?
- 42. Does Making More Money Hurt the Environment?
- 43. How Can Kids Learn to Save Money?
- 44. How Different Countries Working Together Affect Local Businesses
- 45. Does Everything Get More Expensive When Money Isn't Worth as Much?
- 46. Does Giving Money to Small Businesses Help Them Grow?
- 47. Does Having No Job Make People Do Bad Things?
- 48. How Rich and Poor People Are Affect How Much Crime There Is
- 49. Does Letting Other Countries Sell Stuff Here Make Our Country Richer?

50. How Trading with Other Countries Affects How Much Money We Make

6. History

- 51. How Colonies Changed Schools in Countries They Took Over
- 52. How Stories About the Past Make Us Feel Proud of Our Country
- 53. How Some People Changed How Everyone Lives
- 54. How Wars Changed How We Make Stuff
- 55. How People Moved from One Place to Another and Shared Ideas
- 56. How Old Civilizations Changed How We Make Rules
- 57. How People Moving Around Changes How Places Look Today
- 58. How People Sharing Land Changes How We Grow Food Today
- 59. How People We Learn About in History Books Affect What People Believe Today
- 60. How Factories Changed Where People Live

7. Words and Talking

- 61. How Learning Two Languages Helps Kids Think Better
- 62. How Talking Different Ways Affects How Well You Do in School
- 63. How Learning Words Helps Kids Learn Other Stuff
- 64. How Chatting on Social Media Affects How Kids Talk to Each Other
- 65. How Knowing Lots of Words Helps Kids Solve Problems
- 66. How Keeping Old Words Alive Helps Us Understand Each Other
- 67. How Reading More Makes Kids Better at Understanding
- 68. How Hearing Different Words Helps Little Kids Learn Faster
- 69. How Speaking Two Ways Helps Kids Make Friends
- 70. How Making Rules for Writing Helps Everyone Understand Each Other

8. Art and Books

- 71. How Drawing and Making Stuff Helps Kids Think Better
- 72. How Stories Help Kids Understand How to Make the World Better
- 73. How Looking at Pictures Makes Us Feel Happy
- 74. How Drawing Stuff Helps Us Remember Who We Are
- 75. How Listening to Music Helps Kids Remember Stuff Better
- 76. How Computers Help People Make Pictures and Stories

- 77. How Reading Books Helps People Care About Other People
- 78. How Pretending to Be Someone Else Helps Kids Feel Better About Themselves
- 79. How Watching Movies Helps People Understand Each Other
- 80. How Drawing Pictures Outside Helps Everyone Get Outside More

9. Health

- 81. How Going to the Nurse Helps Kids Feel Better
- 82. How Moving Around Helps Kids Do Better in School
- 83. How Learning About Good Food Helps Kids Eat Better
- 84. How Talking About Feelings Helps Kids Feel Better
- 85. How Learning About Drugs Helps Kids Stay Away From Them
- 86. How Sleeping Enough Makes Kids Do Better in School
- 87. How Learning to Relax Helps Kids Worry Less
- 88. How Eating Healthy and Moving Makes Kids Stay Healthy
- 89. How Learning About Staying Healthy Helps Kids Stay Healthy
- 90. How Going to the Doctor Helps Kids Feel Better

10. Nature and Outside

- 91. How Learning About Nature Helps Kids Care About the Earth
- 92. How Parks Help People Feel Happy and Healthy
- 93. How Recycling Helps Kids Feel Good About What They Do
- 94. How Learning About Climate Change Makes Kids Want to Help
- 95. How Clean Air Makes Kids Feel Better and Do Better in School
- 96. How Laws About Pollution Make Places Cleaner
- 97. How Helping the Earth Makes Schools Save Money
- 98. How Learning About Helping the Earth Makes People Want to Help More
- 99. How Learning About Disasters Makes People Ready to Help
- 100. How Saving Water Helps Make More Water for Everyone

11. Boys and Girls

- 101. How Stories About Boys and Girls Affect What Jobs Kids Want
- 102. How Learning About Boys and Girls Being the Same Makes Kids Feel Better
- 103. How TV Shows Affect What Kids Think About Boys and Girls

- 104. How Being a Boy or a Girl Affects How Well You Do in School
- 105. How Rules at School Affect Boys and Girls
- 106. How Having Girls and Boys Working Together Makes Schools Better
- 107. How Learning About Being Safe Makes Kids Feel Better
- 108. How Being a Boy or a Girl Affects How You Feel
- 109. How Learning About Boys and Girls Being Equal Makes Kids Feel Better
- 110. How Reading Stories About Boys and Girls Makes Kids Feel Good

12. Computers and New Stuff

- 111. How Computers Help People Learn Better
- 112. How Having the Internet Helps People Learn More
- 113. How Apps on Phones Help People Learn More
- 114. How Talking to Friends on Social Media Helps Kids Learn More
- 115. How Wearing Glasses That Show Movies Makes Learning Fun
- 116. How Learning to Write Computer Code Helps Kids Solve Problems
- 117. How Working Together on the Computer Makes Kids Finish Work Faster
- 118. How Games That Give Prizes Make Kids Want to Learn More
- 119. How Computers That Know What You Need Help Kids Learn Better
- 120. How Teachers Using Computers Helps Kids Learn Better

13. Crime and Being Bad

- 121. How Helping Kids Learn Not to Break Rules Helps Them Stay Out of Trouble
- 122. How Different Families Make Kids Do Good Things
- 123. How Police and People Working Together Make Places Safer
- 124. How Not Having Much Money Makes Kids Do Bad Things
- 125. How Learning About Not Using Drugs Helps Kids Not Use Them
- 126. How Schools Being Safe Makes Kids Behave Better
- 127. How Watching TV Shows About Being Bad Makes Kids Want to Be Bad
- 128. How Friends Making Bad Choices Makes Kids Do Bad Things
- 129. How Being in a Group That Does Bad Things Makes Kids Do Bad Things
- 130. How Talking About What You Did Wrong Helps You Be Good

14. Fairness and Being Nice

131. How Learning About Being Fair Makes Kids Want to Be Fair

- 132. How Rules That Make Sure Everyone Is Treated the Same Make Kids Feel Good
- 133. How Talking About Being Nice Makes Kids Want to Help
- 134. How Being Fair Makes People Want to Help Each Other
- 135. How Rules That Make Sure Everyone Is Treated Right Help Everyone
- 136. How Learning About Being Nice Makes Kids Want to Help
- 137. How Talking on Social Media Makes Kids Want to Help
- 138. How Boys and Girls Being Treated the Same Helps Everyone
- 139. How Learning About Being Fair Makes People Want to Help More
- 140. How Being Nice to People Who Need Help Makes Everyone Better

15. Watching TV and News

- 141. How Watching Funny Videos on Social Media Affects What Kids Think
- 142. How Learning About What's True and Not True Helps Kids Decide
- 143. How Watching Videos on the Internet Affects What People Believe
- 144. How Seeing Stuff on TV Affects What People Think
- 145. How Seeing Fake News Makes People Believe Bad Things
- 146. How Seeing Skinny People on TV Affects What People Think About Themselves
- 147. How Seeing Ads for Toys Makes Kids Want Them
- 148. How Watching Shows About Real People Affects What People Do
- 149. How Seeing Fun Videos on the Internet Affects What Kids Do
- 150. How Seeing News That's Owned by One Company Affects What People Know

16. Thinking About What's Right and Wrong

- 151. How Learning About What's Right Makes Kids Want to Do Right
- 152. How Knowing What's Right and Wrong Makes Kids Want to Be Good
- 153. How Asking Questions Helps Kids Figure Things Out
- 154. How Figuring Out What's Right Helps Kids Make Good Choices
- 155. How Learning About What's Right Helps Kids Want to Be Good
- 156. How People Who Make Rules Being Fair Makes Everyone Feel Better
- 157. How Making Sure Everyone Is Treated Right Makes Everything Better
- 158. How Talking About What's Right and Wrong Helps Kids Understand Better
- 159. How What's Important to Different People Affects What's Right and Wrong

160. How Learning About What's Right and Wrong Helps Kids Decide

17. Playing Sports and Being Outside

- 161. How Running and Jumping Helps Kids Feel Better
- 162. How Playing Ball Helps Kids Do Better in School
- 163. How Playing With Other Kids Helps Kids Make Friends
- 164. How Being Active Helps Kids Feel Happy
- 165. How Coaches Make Teams Do Better
- 166. How Being on a Team Helps Kids Work Together
- 167. How Being Active Helps Kids Come to School More
- 168. How Being on a Team Helps Kids Feel Good
- 169. How Learning About What Makes Teams Work Helps Teams Do Better
- 170. How Teams Help Kids and Grown-Ups Have Fun Together

18. Going to Fun Places and Staying Somewhere Nice

- 171. How People Visiting Makes Places Richer
- 172. How People Liking Places Makes Them Come Back
- 173. How Visiting Cool Places Helps Everyone Feel Good
- 174. How Being Nice to People Visiting Makes Everyone Happier
- 175. How Visiting Cool Nature Places Helps Everyone
- 176. How Telling People About Fun Things to Do Helps Places Grow
- 177. How Having Fun Parties Makes People Feel Good
- 178. How People Visiting Makes Places Feel More Fun
- 179. How Visiting Cool Nature Places Helps Everyone
- 180. How Telling People About Fun Things to Do Helps Places Grow

19. Rules and Laws

- 181. How Making Sure People Follow Rules Helps Everyone Feel Safer
- 182. How Learning About What's Right Makes People Want to Do Right
- 183. How Police and People Working Together Makes Places Safer
- 184. How Making Sure People Follow Rules Helps Everyone
- 185. How Rules Making Sure Everyone Is Treated Right Helps Everyone
- 186. How Making Sure People Follow Rules Makes Everyone Feel Better
- 187. How Giving Help to People Who Need It Helps Everyone

- 188. How Making Sure People Follow Rules Helps Everyone Feel Safer
- 189. How Learning About What's Right Makes People Want to Do Right
- 190. How Talking About What's Right Makes People Understand Better

20. Helping Cities Grow and Stay Nice

- 191. How Making Sure Places Work Well Helps Everyone
- 192. How Making Sure People Who Work for Places Do Their Jobs Makes Places
 Work Better
- 193. How Making Sure People Know What's Going On Helps Everyone
- 194. How Having Computers Help People Get Things Done Faster
- 195. How Making Sure People Know What's Going On Helps Everyone
- 196. How Making Sure People Who Work for Places Do Their Jobs Makes Places
 Work Better
- 197. How Making Sure People Who Work for Places Do Their Jobs Makes Places
 Work Better
- 198. How Making Sure People Who Work for Places Do Their Jobs Makes Places
 Work Better
- 199. How Making Sure People Who Work for Places Do Their Jobs Makes Places
 Work Better
- 200. How Making Sure People Who Work for Places Do Their Jobs Makes Places
 Work Better

21. Making Cities Look Nice and Working Better

- 201. How Making Sure Places Look Nice Helps Everyone
- 202. How Making Sure Places Look Nice Helps Everyone
- 203. How Making Sure People Can Get Around Easily Helps Everyone
- 204. How Making Sure There's Enough Green Spaces Helps Everyone
- 205. How Making Sure There's Enough Green Spaces Helps Everyone
- 206. How Making Sure Places Look Nice Helps Everyone
- 207. How Making Sure People Can Get Around Easily Helps Everyone
- 208. How Making Sure Places Look Nice Helps Everyone
- 209. How Making Sure People Help Make Places Better Helps Everyone
- 210. How Making Sure Places Are Ready for Bad Things Helps Everyone

These quantitative research topics related to HUMSS strand provide a broad range of quantitative research possibilities across various fields within the HUMSS strand. Each topic can be explored through different quantitative methods, such as surveys, experiments, and statistical analysis, to generate data-driven insights.

Difference Between Quantitative and Qualitative HUMSS Research Topics

Aspect	Quantitative Research Topics	Qualitative Research Topics
Research Approach	Deductive, focused on testing theories and hypotheses	Inductive, focused on generating theories and hypotheses
Data Type	Numerical data	Non-numerical data (texts, images, audio, video)
Data Collection Methods	Surveys, experiments, structured observations	Interviews, focus groups, ethnography, case studies
Sampling	Large, random samples	Small, purposive samples
Data Analysis	Statistical analysis (descriptive and inferential statistics)	Coding, categorizing, identifying themes and patterns
Research Objective	Explain, predict, and test causal relationships	Explore, interpret, and understand phenomena
Generalizability	Results can be generalized to larger populations	Results are context-specific and not easily generalizable
Research Questions	Specific, narrow, and focused	Broad, open-ended, and exploratory
Research Questions	Objective and detached from the study	Subjective and involved in the study

Strengths	Reliable, replicable, and can establish cause-and-effect relationships	Provides in-depth understanding, captures contextual details, and allows flexibility
Limitations	May lack contextual details, subjective experiences, and nuances	Findings may be influenced by researcher's biases, limited generalizability

Innovative Research Methods for HUMSS

The HUMSS field is always changing, and researchers keep finding new ways to understand how people behave, how society works, and cultural stories. While old research methods have laid a good start, using new techniques can unlock fresh ideas and expand what we know.

- **Computer Social Science:** Using advanced computers like machine learning, language tech, and social network tools to study large data and find behavior patterns.
- Online Ethnography: Studying online communities, virtual worlds, and digital spaces to see how people create identities and connect socially online.
- **Experiment Economics:** Using controlled experiments in labs and real life to study economic decisions, incentives, and markets, connecting theories and real scenarios.
- **Public Science**: Involving the public in data collection and analysis, enabling collaborative research that tackles societal issues and promotes scientific understanding.
- **Brain Science Methods:** Using MRI and EEG to investigate the brain's role in human thinking, emotions, and decision-making.
- Mixed Methods: Combining quantitative and qualitative methods to crosscheck findings and understand complex issues through objective data and subjective experiences.
- **Community Action Research:** Involving community members as partners in research, promoting positive change through collective inquiry and action.

As HUMSS evolves, using innovative methods opens up possibilities for new knowledge, challenging old ideas, and addressing important issues. By using new technologies, working across fields, and engaging communities, researchers can push what is known and greatly add to humanities and social sciences.

Closing Up

As you start doing numbers research in the HUMSS field, remember that the real worth isn't just in learning but also in how your work can help people. The topics in this list give you a starting point, sparking your curiosity and helping you deal with important issues in our world.

By collecting data carefully, looking at it closely, and fairly doing research, you can question assumptions, find hidden trends, and add to the ongoing talk in the humanities and social sciences. Work together with others, think hard, and stay open-minded in your research.

True innovation happens when different ideas and methods come together. Your number-based research can inspire change, shape policies, and make a lasting difference in the communities you want to understand and help.

What is the importance of quantitative research in the HUMSS strands?

Quantitative research provides objective and measurable insights into complex social phenomena, allowing researchers to identify patterns, trends, and relationships within the data. In the HUMSS strands, quantitative research is essential for understanding human behavior, societal dynamics, and the impact of various factors on individuals and communities.

How can I choose the right quantitative research topic for my study?

Start by identifying your areas of interest within the HUMSS field and exploring current trends and issues. Consider the relevance and feasibility of potential topics, and don't hesitate to seek guidance from mentors or peers. Narrow down your

options by focusing on specific research questions that align with your goals and resources.

What are some common challenges in conducting quantitative research?

Challenges in quantitative research may include data collection issues, such as obtaining reliable and valid measurements, addressing sample biases, and managing missing data. Researchers must also navigate ethical considerations, ensure the accuracy of statistical analyses, and interpret findings accurately to avoid misinterpretation or bias.

Can I combine quantitative and qualitative methods in my research?

Yes, combining quantitative and qualitative methods, known as mixed-methods research, can provide a more comprehensive understanding of complex phenomena. By integrating both approaches, researchers can triangulate data, validate findings, and gain deeper insights into the research topic from multiple perspectives.

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- 201+ Quantitative Research Topics Related To HUMSS Strand Students, Quantitative Research
- Top 21 ABM Research Topics Detailed Explanation (2024)



ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Hi, I'm Emmy Williamson! With over 20 years in IT, I've enjoyed sharing project ideas and research on my blog to make learning fun and easy.